

xVersion" 2011.11.5.1"

module forthInterpreter

#document forthInterpreter

```
//
//
// //////////////////////////////////////
//
// This is an internal forth engine, with some assembly level magic words
// can be added to it from the cross compiler, but also when finished it
// will be possible too feed in forth source code that will then be
// compiled.
//
// Using direct threading according to the jump model from:
//
//   http://www.figuk.plus.com/build/heart.htm
//
// also see:
//
//   http://www.bradrodriguez.com/papers/moving1.htm
//
// The computed jumps are being performed on registers that are then
// pushed onto the processor hardware stack, this when followed by a return
// instruction effectively performs an indirect jump. (GOTO/BRA)
//
// Where DATA was used in the first URL I'll use PFA. doVar will differ in
// that it returns the RAM address that will need be compiled into PFA by
// Variable (as RAM is in another program space than FLASH) ... a Harvard
// architectural quirk ... anyway, a variable is a constant that is used
// as a pointer into RAM. The @ and ! operator will work on RAM and not on
// FLASH. Latr on , and F, and such and FALLOT will work in code (FLASH)
// space. VALLOT works in variable (RAM) space.
//
// This is a 32 bit forth using a cell size of four bytes although in FLASH
// only 24 bits are valid, the upper 8 ones are zero by definition. And
// for RAM pointers 17 bits are in use, so this should be able to execute
// from any FLASH location and be able to use any RAM location. The return
// and data stack pointers are only 16 bits wide, meaning return and data
// stack will have to reside in the lower 64 k of RAM.
//
// Primaries are just machine code that end in "goto <*" t.next">".
// Secondaries are pointer lists that start like a primary with code
// handler bra <*" t.doCol">, variables are pointers to RAM that get
// compiled into flash as a constant and constants are literal values
// compiled into FLASH, the value being pushed by bra <*" t.doCon">.
//
// Register allocations used :
//
// TOS   w0, w1           // Top Of Stack Cache Register
// IP    TBLPAG, w8      // Instruction Pointer, walks over code pointer lists.
// W     w6, w7          // W Register, used to compute PFA at run time
// PSP   w9              // Parameter Stack Pointer - maps onto the compiled forth
// RSP   w10             // Return Stack Ponter - maps onto the compiled forth
// UP    in memory       // As a variable
// HERE  in memory       // As a variable
//
// TOS == Top Of data/parameter Stack
// NOS == Next On data/parameter Stack , the 2nd stack element.
//
// Header layout used for compiled forth words
//
// LFA : + 0 :: Link Field Address
//
//   points to the previous definition the last definition is pointed
//   to through the variable LAST.
//
// FFA : + 4 :: Flag Field Address
//
//   byte 3 : always zero
//   byte 2 : always FF
//   byte 1 : always FF
//   byte 0 : bit 0 : immediate
//             bit 1 : hidden
//
// NFA : + 8 :: Name Field Address
//
//   a variable lenght field, the low byte of the first pword
//   holds the length, the remaining part holds the full name.
//   When this does not completely fill out up to the next even
//   flash address some alignment bytes are added.
//
// CFA : + 8 + Length( Name) 4 bytes aligned :: Code Field Address
//
//   This field always holds code, which can be the start of
//   a code block for a primary word, or a jump to a handler
//   routine for secondary words. Primaries will end with
//   a goto Next jump usually.
//
// PFA : + 12 + Length( Name) 4 bytes aligned :: Parameter Field Address
//
//   For secondary words only, contains the data used by the handler
//   compiled into the CFA. I.e. a list of pointers for a colon word
//   (doCol handler), a value for a constant word (doCon) a pointer
//   to RAM for a variable word (doVar) etc.
//
//
// Some code snippets do not have a header, the system will 'magically'
// know where they are, and they will be compiled by higher level words
// when they are needed. The word constant will compile doCon, Variable
```

```

// will compile doVar and : (colon) will compile doCol etc. etc.
//
// The current headerless words are :
//
// doCol (or ENTER) - pointer list interpreter
// doCon           - constant interpreter
// doVar           - variable interpreter
// doDefer         - defer interpreter
// doUser          - user variable interpreter
// doDoes>        - does> interpreter
//
// //////////////////////////////////////
//
#endDoc

```

**private**

```

{
// .....
// Some meta magic
// .....

2 constant THalfCell           #// A Target HALFCELL is two bytes (register size)
4 constant TCell              #// A Target CELL is four bytes

: TCells ( d -- d )
    TCell *
;

: THalfCells ( d -- d )
    THalfCell *
;

// .....

variable DefinitionName       #// Local name for current definition
variable TargetName          #// Target name for current definition
variable FlagsField          #// Flags to be applied to current definition
variable StackImage          #// Target stack image for current definition
variable LastLink            " 0" LastLink ! #// Last target NFA value
variable TVoffset            0 TvOffset ! #// Current offset in target RAM "dictionary" space.

// .....

: NewTVoffset ( -- n )

    #// Make room for a new variable in target RAM and return it's offset

    TVoffset @
    dup TCell +
    TVoffset !
;

// .....

: TVCells ( -- n )

    // Amount of target data cells currently allocated

    TVoffset @
    TCell /
;

// .....

: HeaderName ( -- str )

    // Return the target header name from the definition name
    // The definition name is the target name prefixed with t.

    DefinitionName @ ".h" +
;

// .....

: registerHeader ( -- )

    // Parse some tokens from the input and remember those.

    bl token TargetName ! #// Get and store the target name
    bl token FlagsField ! #// Get and store the flags
    bl token StackImage ! #// Get and store stack image
    " t." TargetName @ + DefinitionName ! #// Make a local name by prefixing t.
;

// .....

: definition ( -- )

    // Start a target definition by buildin a header into a string variable
    // codeBuffer (as source code to be intepreted later on).

    registerHeader

```

```

" " codeBuffer !
" code " HeaderName + " " + StackImage @ + cb+cr+
" " cb+cr+
" .pword " LastLink @ + cb+cr+
" .pword " FlagsField @ + cb+cr+
" .pascii <" TargetName @ strLen >$ + " >,\\" + TargetName @ + " \\" + cb+cr+
" .palign 2" cb+cr+
" " cb+cr+

" .ifdef __C30ELF" cb+cr+
" .type <!\\" " DefinitionName @ + " \\" mangle>" + " , @function" + cb+cr+
" .endif" cb+cr+
" " cb+cr+

" <!\\" " DefinitionName @ + " \\" mangle>:" + cb+cr+
" <*\\" " HeaderName + " \\">" + LastLink !
;

// .....

: endDefinition ( -- )

// End a target definition and compile it by interpreting the contents
// from the string variable codeBuffer

" endCode used" cb+cr+
CodeBuffer @
// dup message // debug code to dump code created into console
evaluate
;

// .....

: scanForCode ( str -- )

// Scan the input line by line until a line is found that contains
// str, just add the lines to the codeBuffer for later interpretation.

begin
  readLine // ( str line )
  over over // ( str line str line )
  strPos 0 =
while
  cb+cr+
repeat
  skipToEOL
  " " cb+
  drop
  drop
;

// .....

: t.code ( -- )

// Start a target code word (primary) to be ended with t.endCode

definition
  " t.endCode" scanForCode
endDefinition
;

// .....

: t.: ( -- )

// Start a target colon word (secondary) to be ended with t.;

definition
  " bra <*\\" t.doCol\ "> ; // DOCOL :: Execute following pointer list" cb+cr+
  " t.;" scanForCode
  " "
  " .pword <*\\" t.semi\ "> ; // SEMI :: return to calling pointer list" cb+cr+
endDefinition
;

// .....

: t.constant ( value -- )

// Define a target constant

definition
  " bra <*\\" t.doCon\ "> ; // DOCON :: push following pword" cb+cr+
  " .pword " swap >$ + cb+cr+
endDefinition
;

// .....

: t.variable ( -- )

// Define a target variable

NewTVOffset // Make room in target RAM, return offset for it
definition

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        "      bra      <*\\" t.doVar\ ">                                ; // DOVAR :: push following pword" cb+cr+
        "      .pword  <@\\" VBank\ "> + " swap >$ +                    cb+cr+
endDefinition
;

// . . . . .

: t.defer ( -- )

    // Define a target deferred word (code pointer).

NewTVOffset                                // Make room in target RAM, return offset for it
definition
    "      bra      <*\\" t.doDefer\ ">                                ; // DODEFER :: execute following pword" cb+cr+
    "      .pword  <@\\" VBank\ "> + " swap >$ +                    cb+cr+
endDefinition
;

// . . . . .
}

// //////////////////////////////////////

20 16 + THalfCells  constant  RBankSize          //# Register Bank Size - in bytes (keep a few spares to allow for PS
underflow)
128 TCells        constant  PSSize             //# Parameter Stack Size - in bytes
128 TCells        constant  RSSize            //# Return Stack Size - in bytes
4096 TCells       constant  VBankSize         //# Variable Bank Size - in bytes

RBankSize        array    RBank              //# Register bank storage area
PSSize           array    PS                 //# Parameter Stack - TOS is at the lowest address
RSSize           array    RS                 //# Return Stack - TOS is at the highest address
VBankSize        array    VBank             //# Variable bank storage area

2variable TVector                //# To set a target forth xt from native 4th - not implemented yet

// //////////////////////////////////////

code forth.start ( -- )

; // Start the forth engine by jumping into COLD.
; //
; // Save registers

breakpoint forth.start

mov     w0, <@" RBank">                ; // forth.start
mov     #<@" RBank"> + 2, w0              ; // 0 :: 0 : old w0
mov     w1 , [w0++]                     ; // 2 :: 1
mov     w2 , [w0++]                     ; // 4 :: 2
mov     w3 , [w0++]                     ; // 6 :: 3
mov     w4 , [w0++]                     ; // 8 :: 4
mov     w5 , [w0++]                     ; // 10 :: 5
mov     w6 , [w0++]                     ; // 12 :: 6
mov     w7 , [w0++]                     ; // 14 :: 7
mov     w8 , [w0++]                     ; // 16 :: 8
mov     w9 , [w0++]                     ; // 18 :: 9
mov     w10, [w0++]                     ; // 20 :: 10
mov     w11, [w0++]                     ; // 22 :: 11
mov     w12, [w0++]                     ; // 24 :: 12
mov     w13, [w0++]                     ; // 26 :: 13
mov     w14, [w0++]                     ; // 28 :: 14
mov     w15, [w0++]                     ; // 30 :: 15
mov     TBLPAG, w2                       ; // 32 :: 16
mov     w2 , [w0++]                     ; // 34 :: 17
mov     RCOUNT, w2                      ; // 36 :: 18
mov     w2 , [w0++]
mov     SR, w2
mov     w2 , [w0]

; // Initialize forth interpreter

mov     #<@" PS">, w9                    ; // Set PSP to lowest address in PS

mov     #<@" RS">, w3                    ; // Set RSP one beyond highest address in RS
mov     #<@" RSSize">, w10
add     w3, w10, w10

; // Jump into COLD, setting up initial W contents on the fly

mov     #tblpage ( <*" t.cold">), w2     ; // Set up t.cold as the entry point
mov     w2, TBLPAG                       ; // Which needs be a forth secondary word
mov     #tbloffset( <*" t.cold">), w8

mov     w8 , w6                           ; // Set up initial W to point to t.cold
mov     TBLPAG, w7

push     w6                                ; // JUMP IP (into t.cold)
push     w7

return
endcode used

#document forth.start
// Start the forth engine by jumping into COLD.
// COLD will run some code and when finished it
// will return control to the caller of START
// through the word BYE.

```

```

#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////

t.code bye 0xffff00 <( -- )>
; // bye

<*" FIRST_FLASH">:
; // Restore registers

mov    #<@" RBank"> + 36, w0
mov    [w0--], w2           ; // 36 :: 18
mov    w2, SR              ; // 34 :: 17
mov    [w0--], w2
mov    w2, RCOUNT
mov    [w0--], w2         ; // 32 :: 16
mov    w2, TBLPAG
mov    [w0--], w15        ; // 20 :: 15
mov    [w0--], w14        ; // 28 :: 14
mov    [w0--], w13        ; // 26 :: 13
mov    [w0--], w12        ; // 24 :: 12
mov    [w0--], w11        ; // 22 :: 11
mov    [w0--], w10        ; // 20 :: 10
mov    [w0--], w9         ; // 18 :: 9
mov    [w0--], w8         ; // 16 :: 8
mov    [w0--], w7         ; // 14 :: 7
mov    [w0--], w6         ; // 12 :: 6
mov    [w0--], w5         ; // 10 :: 5
mov    [w0--], w4         ; // 8  :: 4
mov    [w0--], w3         ; // 6  :: 3
mov    [w0--], w2         ; // 4  :: 2
mov    [w0--], w1         ; // 2  :: 1
mov    [w0] , w0          ; // 0  :: 0

; // Return to caller of forth.start

breakpoint t.bye

return
t.endCode

#document t.bye.h
// CODE BYE ( -- )
//
// Returns to the caller of START
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////
//
// Headerless words for inner interpreter

code t.doCol ( -- ) // [ -- d ] (or ENTER)
; // doCol
mov    w8, [--w10]       ; // IP PUSH RSP
mov    TBLPAG, w2
mov    w2, [--w10]

inc2   w6, w8           ; // PFA TO IP
addc   w7, #0, w2
mov    w2, TBLPAG

<*" t.next">:

tblrdl.w [w8 ], w6      ; // [IP] TO W  CELL +TO IP
tblrdh.w [w8++], w7

push   w6               ; // W JUMP
push   w7
return
endCode used

#document t.doCol
// DOCOL :: A code fragment, not a forth primary
// IP PUSH RSP
// PFA TO IP
// NEXT
//
// NEXT :: A code fragment, not a forth primary
// [IP] TO W
// CELL +TO IP
// W JUMP
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////

code t.doCon ( -- d )
; // doCon
mov    w0, [w9++]       ; // [PFA] PUSH PSP
mov    w1, [w9++]

inc2   w6, w6           ; // PFA
addc   w7, #0, w7
mov    w7, TBLPAG

tblrdl.w [w6], w0       ; // [PFA]
tblrdh.w [w6], w1

```



```

breakpoint UNTESTED                                ; // doDoes>
                                                    // !!! This code was not tested yet !!!

mov     w8, [--w10]                                ; // IP PUSH RSP
mov     TBLPAG, w2
mov     w2, [--w10]

pop     TBLPAG                                     ; // POP hardware call stack TO IP
pop     w8

mov     w0, [w9++]                                  ; // [PFA] PUSH PSP
mov     w1, [w9++]

inc2    w6, w6                                     ; // PFA
addc    w7, #0, w7
mov     w7, TBLPAG

tblrdl.w [w6], w0
tblrdh.w [w6], w1

goto    <*" t.next">                               ; // NEXT
endCode used

#document t.doDoes>
// A code fragment, not a forth primary
// IP PUSH RSP
// POP hardware call stack TO IP
// [PFA] PUSH PSP
// NEXT
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////
// ////////////////////////////////////////
//
// Inner interpreter words with headers

t.code execute 0xffff00 <( d -- )>
                                                    ; // execute
                                                    ; // POP PSP TO W

mov     w0, w6
mov     w1, w7
mov     [--w9], w1
mov     [--w9], w0

push    w6                                         ; // W JUMP
push    w7
return
t.endCode

#document t.execute.h
// CODE EXECUTE
// POP PSP TO W
// W JUMP
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////

t.code semi 0xffff00 <( -- ) // [ d -- ] or EXIT>
                                                    ; // semi
                                                    ; // POP RSP TO IP

mov     [w10++], w2
mov     w2, TBLPAG
mov     [w10++], w8

goto    <*" t.next">                               ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.semi.h
// CODE SEMI
// POP RSP TO IP
// NEXT
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////

t.code doLit 0xffff00 <( -- d )>
                                                    ; // doLit

mov     w0, [w9++]
mov     w1, [w9++]
tblrdl.w [w8 ], w0
tblrdh.w [w8++], w1

goto    <*" t.next">                               ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.doLit.h
// CODE DOLIT
// push inline value
// NEXT
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////

t.code breakpoint 0xffff00 <( -- )>
                                                    ; // breakpoint

breakpoint t.breakpoint

goto    <*" t.next">                               ; // NEXT

```

```

t.endCode

#document t.breakpoint.h
// CODE BREAKPOINT
// stop execution here in the debugger
// NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code cfa2pfa 0xffff00 <( d -- d )>
; // cfa2pfa
add w0, #2, w0
addc w1, #0, w1

goto <*" t.next"> ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.cfa2pfa.h
// : cfa2pfa ( d -- d )
// calculate PFA from CFA
// ;
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code 0= 0xffff00 <( d -- df )>
; // 0=
ior w0, w1, w0 ; // Or low and high word
sub #1, w0 ; // Subtract one, borrow set if 0= holds
subb w0, w0, w0 ; // when borrow set $fffffff, 0 otherwise
mov w0, w1

goto <*" t.next"> ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.0=.h
// code 0= ( d -- df )
// return $fffffff when d = 0, and 0 otherwise
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code branch 0xffff00 <( -- )>
; // branch
tblrdl.w [w8], w2 ; // [IP] -> IP
tblrdh.w [w8], w3
mov w2, w8
mov w3, TBLPAG

goto <*" t.next"> ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.branch.h
// code branch ( -- )
// branch to the following inline absolute address
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code fbranch 0xffff00 <( df -- )>
; // fbranch
ior w0, w1, w0 ; // Or low and high word, branch if zero

bra z, 1f ; // B/ calculate new IP (branch)
bra 2f ; // B/ Skip over current IP

1:
tblrdl.w [w8], w2 ; // [IP] -> IP // Branch
tblrdh.w [w8], w3
mov w2, w8
mov w3, TBLPAG
bra 3f

2:
mov TBLPAG, w2 ; // IP++ // No branch
add w8, #2, w8
addc w2, #0, w2
mov w2, TBLPAG

3:
mov [--w9], w1 ; // Drop df
mov [--w9], w0

goto <*" t.next"> ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.fbranch.h
// code fbranch
// branch to the following inline absolute address
// when TOS = 0, skip that address otherwise (and
// do not branch then).
#endDoc

```



```

// //////////////////////////////////////
t.code drop 0xffff00 <( d -- )>
; // drop
mov    [--w9], w1
mov    [--w9], w0

goto   <*" t.next">
; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.drop.h
// CODE DROP
// drop TOS
// NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////
t.code dup 0xffff00 <( d -- d d )>
; // dup
mov    w0, [w9++]
mov    w1, [w9++]

goto   <*" t.next">
; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.dup.h
// CODE DUP
// dup TOS so NOS and TOS are equal
// NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////
t.code @ 0xffff00 <( dAddress -- dData )>
; // @
mov    [w0++], w2
mov    [w0 ], w1
mov    w2, w0
; // Hmm this supports only 64 k of RAM
; // ... anyway ... move contents of dAddress to dData

goto   <*" t.next">
; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.@.h
// CODE @ ( d -- d ) // fetch
// get dData from dAddress
// NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////
t.code ! 0xffff00 <( dData dAddress -- )>
; // !
mov    [--w9], w3
mov    [--w9], w2
; // dData -> w3,w2

mov    w2, [w0++]
mov    w3, [w0 ]
; // Hmm this supports only 64 k of RAM
; // ... anyway ... move dData to dAddress

mov    [--w9], w1
mov    [--w9], w0
; // And drop an item

goto   <*" t.next">
; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.! .h
// CODE ! ( d d -- ) // store
// store dData at dAddress
// NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////
t.code f@ 0xffff00 <( d -- d )>
; // f@
mov    TBLPAG, w3
mov    w1, TBLPAG
mov    w0, w2
; // Save TBLPAG
; // Set up flash address into TBLPAG, w2

tblrdl.w [w2], w0
tblrdh.w [w2], w1
; // Read two words from flash

mov    w3, TBLPAG
; // Restore TBLPAG

goto   <*" t.next">
; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.f@.h
// code f@ ( d -- d )
// fetch a value from code space (flash)
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////
t.code + 0xffff00 <( d1 d2 -- d )>

```

```

add      w1, [--w9], w1                ; // +
add      w0, [--w9], w0
addc     w1, #0, w1

goto     <*" t.next">                  ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.+.h
// CODE +
//   add d1 and d2
//   NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code negate 0xffff00 <( d -- d )>    ; // negate

neg      w1, w1
neg      w0, w0
subb     #0, w1

goto     <*" t.next">                  ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.negate.h
// CODE negate
//   negate TOS
//   NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.: - 0xffff00 <( d1 d2 -- d )>        ; // -
.pword   <*" t.negate">                ; // negate
.pword   <*" t.+>                      ; // +
t.;

#document t.-.h
// : - ( d1 d2 -- d ) negate + ;
// subtract d2 from d1
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code and 0xffff00 <( d1 d2 -- d )>   ; // and

and      w1, [--w9], w1
and      w0, [--w9], w0

goto     <*" t.next">                  ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.and.h
// CODE and
//   and d1 and d2
//   NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code or 0xffff00 <( d1 d2 -- d )>    ; // or

ior      w1, [--w9], w1
ior      w0, [--w9], w0

goto     <*" t.next">                  ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.or.h
// CODE or
//   or d1 and d2
//   NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code xor 0xffff00 <( d1 d2 -- d )>   ; // xor

xor      w1, [--w9], w1
xor      w0, [--w9], w0

goto     <*" t.next">                  ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.xor.h
// CODE xor
//   or d1 and d2
//   NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

```

```

t.code not 0xffff00 <( d -- d )>
    com      w0, w0
    com      w1, w1
    goto     <*" t.next">
t.endCode
; // not

#document t.xor.h
// CODE xor
// or d1 and d2
// NEXT
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code cells 0xffff00 <( d -- d )>
    sl      w0, w0
    rlc     w1, w1
    sl      w0, w0
    rlc     w1, w1
    goto     <*" t.next">
t.endCode
; // cells
; // Shift left low word,
; // shift a zero to bit 0
; // shift bit 15 into carry
; // rotate left high word
; // carry into bit 0, bit 15 into carry

; // And again

; // NEXT

#document t.cells.h
// : CELLS ( d -- d ) 2* 2* ;
// multiply d by CELL
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.: = 0xffff00 <( d1 d2 -- df )>
    .pword  <*" t.-">
    .pword  <*" t.0=">
t.;
; // =
; // - 0=

#document t.=.h
// : = - 0= ; // return true when d1 = d2, false otherwise
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.: =marker 0xffff00 <( d -- df )>
    .pword  <*" t.marker.mask">
    .pword  <*" t.and">
    .pword  <*" t.marker.mask">
    .pword  <*" t.=">
t.;
; // =marker
; // marker.mask and marker.mask =

#document t.=marker.h
// : =marker marker.mask and marker.mask = ; // return true when d is a header marker, false otherwise
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code 2+ 0xffff00 <( d -- d )>
    add     w0, #2, w0
    addc    w1, #0, w1
    goto     <*" t.next">
t.endCode
; // 2+
; // NEXT

#document t.2+.h
// code 2_ ( d - d )
// add 2 to TOS
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.code 2- 0xffff00 <( d -- d )>
    sub     w0, #2, w0
    subb    w1, #0, w1
    goto     <*" t.next">
t.endCode
; // 2-
; // NEXT

#document t.2-.h
// code 2_ ( d - d )
// subtract 2 from TOS
#endDoc

// //////////////////////////////////////

t.: cfa2ffa 0xffff00 <( d -- d )>

```

```

; // cfa2ffa
; // begin
<* cfa2ffa_loop">:
    .pword <*" t.2-> ; // 2-
    .pword <*" t.dup"> ; // dup
    .pword <*" t.f@"> ; // f@
    .pword <*" t.=marker"> ; // =marker
    .pword <*" t.fbranch"> ; // until
    .pword <*" cfa2ffa_loop"> ; //
t.;

#document t.cfa2ffa.h
: cfa2ffa ( d -- d ) ; // Determine Flag Field Address (FFA) from CFA
begin
    2- dup f@ =marker ; // Serarch backwards from CFA till marker found
until
;
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

t.: cfa2lfa 0xffff00 <( d -- d )> ; // cfa2lfa
    .pword <*" t.cfa2ffa"> ; // cfa2ffa 2-
    .pword <*" t.2->
t.;

#document t.cfa2lfa.h
// : cfa2lfa ( d -- d ) cfa2ffa 2- ; // Get Link Field Address from CFA
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

t.: cfa2nfa 0xffff00 <( d -- d )> ; // cfa2nfa
    .pword <*" t.cfa2ffa"> ; // cfa2ffa 2+
    .pword <*" t.2+>
t.;

#document t.cfa2nfa.h
// : cfa2nfa ( d -- d ) cfa2ffa 2+ ; // Get Name Field Address from CFA
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

t.: vallot 0xffff00 <( d -- )> ; // vallot
    .pword <*" t.cells"> ; // CELLS -> bytes
    .pword <*" t.vhere"> ; // vhere
    .pword <*" t.@> ; // @
    .pword <*" t.+> ; // +
    .pword <*" t.vhere"> ; // vhere
    .pword <*" t.!> ; // !
t.;

#document t.vallot.h
// : VALLOT ( d -- ) CELLS VHERE @ + VHERE ! ; // allot d cells to variable space
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

t.: (is) 0xffff00 <( dtoken ddefer -- )> ; // (is)
    .pword <*" t.cfa2pfa"> ; // cfa2pfa f@ !
    .pword <*" t.f@">
    .pword <*" t.!>
t.;

#document t.(is).h
// : (is) ( dtoken ddefer -- ) cfa2pfa f@ ! ;
// Resolve a deferred word with execution token ddefer to dtokenq
// i.e. set the deferred word to execute dtoken
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

t.code noop 0xffff00 <( -- )> ; // noop
goto <*" t.next"> ; // NEXT
t.endCode

#document t.noop.h
// code noop ( -- )
// wastes a few cycles
#endDoc

// ////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////

t.: definitions 0xffff00 <( -- )> ; // definitions
    .pword <*" t.context"> ; // context @ current!
    .pword <*" t.@>
    .pword <*" t.current">
    .pword <*" t.!>

```



```
.pascii      "This is the end."  
  
<*" LAST_FLASH">:  
  endCode used  
  
// //////////////////////////////////////  
  
public  
  export forth.start ( -- )  
  
endModule
```